

2014/58.552

Open  
open

\* wh I venture to hope has not been a useless

In my career as a Fr<sup>m</sup>: of nearly 52 years standing I have been asked from time to time to perform many & varied ~~functions~~ <sup>roles</sup> & on the invitation of our W.M. I venture to give this paper & hope the subject matter will prove instructive & interesting.

The title of to night's paper <sup>Em. but why is it so? by adoption</sup> was suggested to me by reason of some queries on working having arisen during my visit to L<sup>s</sup>.

It is a fact that many different Rituals are in existence & in our County we see examples & <sup>but</sup> as long as difference of wording only takes place & see no reason to offer any objection but some glaring cases of variation in essentials are to be met with especially the case of locking the 2<sup>o</sup> S with the R.<sup>ch</sup>. in the 2<sup>o</sup>.

Now I will call from the beginning how the E. Work originated

Ques: Kit & why it shd be adopted in L under the E.C.

X 2 G.L.<sup>s</sup> of Eng: This <sup>existed</sup> prior to the Act of Union of 1813.

one <sup>G.L.</sup> dating from 1717 to 1813 was called the Regular or Constitutional G.L. & the members were known as "W.M. Masons or Moderns - the members were in my other <sup>G.L.</sup> dating from 1753 to 1813 known as "Atholl" Masons or Antients.

It naturally followed that these 2 G.L. were not friendly disposed to each other & differences in Rites & procedure existed ~~with other objections~~.

Fortunately this great & undesirable diff. in working was ended in 1813 by uniting all E.C. under one G.M. & one Constitution into what we call the U.G.L. of E. ++ IA

Now the Articles of U.G.L. bound the 2 G.L. together laid it down that in future there shd be uniformity of working in the I.P&R throughout all L under the rule of the E.G.L.

This uniformity of working was obtained by constituting in 1813 the L of Recon: the members composing this L being chosen <sup>as</sup> <sup>representatives</sup> from the original 2 G.L.

The L of Recon. agreed upon a Kit: that was formed to retain the Ancient & best <sup>Portions</sup> common to both of the 2 G.L. & to omit what was spurious in either.

This L of Recon. held many meetings to teach the Kit: to representatives from Lond & Prov. L. between the years 1813 & 1816 in wh latter year the L of Recon. was dissolved & but previous to dissolution of the L of Recon. the agreed Ceremonies of I.P&R were rehearsed before a Special

† † / A

The Articles of V were signed & sealed on 25 Nov 1813  
by the Duke of Sussex G.M.  
W.R. Wright P.G.M. in the Ionian Isles  
Arthur Tegart }  
James Deans } Past G. Warden  
on the one part.

by the Duke of Kent G.M.

Thomas Harper Deputy G.M.

James Perry }  
James Agar } Past Deputy G.M.

on the other

21 Arts of V in all.

most impairing Art II wh. it was  
declared & pronounced that there cannot be constituents  
of 3 & no more by way of the F.A. the F.C. &  
the M.M. including the Supreme Order of the A.R.A.  
Art V enjoined that the 2 G.M.s shall appoint each  
G.M. or P.M. of their respective fraternities with  
warrant & instruction, to either hold a L to  
be entered in the L of Recor: or to visit the  
several L's for the purpose of observing,  
instructing & perfecting the members.

I.B.

This uniformity of working desired by L.  
as the duty of all loyal Frs<sup>rs</sup> was not be  
any means cheerfully assented to by every Frm<sup>m</sup>  
or by every L for many Ls cherished the  
accumulated errors & whims of successive FMs  
under the affect<sup>t</sup>. but delusive name  
L. traditions - even as many do to my

The preservation of an unaltered ceremonial  
is ~~difficult~~ for any ord<sup>t</sup> L & the rapid increase  
~~in~~ the Number of Ls made any local control<sup>t</sup> difficult  
those keeping to the strict ceremonies wh had  
rec<sup>t</sup> the approval of the I.L.L. - ~~14~~ ✓

I hope to convince all the Br<sup>m</sup> now  
present that by adopting the working preserved  
to the Craft by the Em<sup>t</sup> L of Improvement they  
will avoid new blunders or new traditions  
creeping into the working of Ls & avoid  
future blunders for I can assure you it  
only takes a few years for these new blunders  
to become spoken of as "old traditions"  
When the number of Ls was small these  
differences might have been controlled but  
in the last.

G.L. in May 1816 & in the Min. of the G.L. convocation the following month, that is June 1816, it is recorded that G.L. adopted, conformed & authorised the Ceremonies as rehearsed before it in May 1816 by the Members of the L of Recon. -

That authority & sanction of the M.G.L. of 2<sup>nd</sup> has never since been revoked & the Ceremonies authorised by the M.G.L. of 2 in June 1816 remain the only authorised Cerem: for I. P. & R.

For the benefit of P.M.s.

The Instal: Cer: was later settled by the GM thro' a Board of Instal: Mast who held 4 meetings for that purpose & the Instal: Cer. agreed upon & worked in 1827 has never been set aside & remains to day the only authorised Cer:

G.L. Library possess manuscript Rec. of the H. Cerem: belonging to B. J. who were known workers at that time - oral teaching was in favour & it is interesting to note

<sup>that</sup> a printer of Tunbury Sq: named Claret - who took part in the meetings at the L of Recon. got into trouble for printing & selling a Rec: about 1835 wh had on its title page "as taught by the late P. Gilkes"

before the Act of 11 in 1816 L of I did not exist & rehearsals may of course have been held privately but general rehearsals for General instruction were unknown.

<sup>It is important to note that</sup> ~~For the information of the members of the Craft~~  
these Cerem: <sup>as</sup> worked by the L of Recon: before

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the M.G.L. of E & which our G.L. as at present  
Const<sup>d</sup> duly authorized were to be taught to the  
members of the Craft generally under Regs. issued  
by G.L. in so called L of Imp. & those.

P.M.s who were qualif<sup>d</sup> went around various <sup>Exs.</sup>  
as teachers, or as they <sup>were</sup> first called Lecturers or  
Lecture Masters. Later on these P.M.s. were  
called Preceptors but this term was adopted  
until some years later.

The fact of their L of I is laid down in Book  
of Const. (158) ~~14. 15. 16.~~ 158.

However a small sect<sup>n</sup> of the members of the UGL of E  
slightly alter the name L of I & so evaded the  
restraint & interference of any body outside  
themselves but when Masonic bodies deal  
with matters relating to Eng Craft Ritual whether  
the Assoc<sup>n</sup> be styled Club, Study Circle, Masonic  
Assoc<sup>n</sup>, L of I or otherwise it certainly appears  
to me to be dangerous to leave it free from &  
outside the jurisdiction of the M.G.L of E

Now among all teachers of Rit at the time  
of the Union the name of Peter Gillies stands out  
prominently -

P.G. was initiated in British L No 4, now No 8,  
in 1786 was Master of several Lond. L & attended  
the meetings of the Special L of Promulgation in  
1809-11 - This L of Promul was the forelimb of

to the later Act of Union & was intended to prepare  
Mass. & Brn for that uniformity of working which  
later was taught by the L of Recon in 1813-1816.

When the L of Recon: was constituted P.G. was a  
member & he needed only to modify his former  
working so as to bring it into line with the  
agreed & authorised rendering & his adherence  
at the meetings of the L of Recon is a proof of his  
desire to be exact & at the meetings of the  
B of S. Ms in 1827 when the Sir H. Drastall<sup>1</sup>: wa.  
agreed <sup>upon</sup> P.G. is recorded as attending on each  
occasion.

The Q. G. S. at the time of the Union Wm H White  
& Edwards Harper both active participants  
in the work of the L of Recon: have left their  
testimony to the accuracy & authority of the  
teaching of P.G. - Other L<sup>t</sup> throughout the Country  
have left testimony that P.G. was full master  
of the Recon: Cremone & strictly observed them  
so all this evidence proves that P.G. was from  
1816 to his death in 1833 an authorised teacher  
of the Recon: working -

In 1823 several well known workers of the  
Recn: Crem: founded the Emul L of Improvement  
and P.G. was one.  
(to teach what we now)  
Call the E. Reb

P.L. attended the 1<sup>st</sup> meeting of Emu L of Imp - visited it frequently & 18 months after its founding became a joining Member & leader of its Com: & as the present members of this Com: are the pupils of P.L. carrying on in a direct and unbroken line his working of the Recm. Com: the Emu: working is generally accepted as the stand: throughout the L's under the E. L. Com: -

To prevent any intro of unauthorized procedure the Com: of E. L of Imp is elected annually by the working members of the L & the senior member of the Com: acts as leader of it but all have equal power in checking & controlling the preservation of the Rit: unchanged & unaltered.

The foot of E L of Imp is in the hands of this Com: & not in the hands of any one member - this diff of foot is the factor that has enabled E to hand down the Com: unchanged & unchanged from gene to gene. A Com: checks & controls each Memb: preventing any change & alteration wh. may arise from inadvertence or from lapse of memory on the part of any one of them & what is of still greater value it prevents death interfering with the continuity of the work for tho death remove one of the Com: the vacant place is at once filled by a capable & reliable worker chosen for his intimate knowledge of Rit. by the surviving Mem of the Com: - N° = 6

Mets every Friday eve at Frn. Hall except July  
Aug - Sept.

any M.M. who is a regular subscriber to any L. can attend.  
Small fee reqd - 1/6

To see Masonic Rit rendered with strict accuracy,  
is interesting & instructive & I strongly advise any  
of my hearers to visit the E. L. of I. when in London.  
Conclude with some remarks made by Chas. Br.

Bro. G. M. The value of the stand set up by E. L. of I has  
been fortified & enhanced by the zeal & devotion  
of the little band of teachers who carry on this work.  
It is . . . E teachers never claim nor seek  
to exercise Authority & the wh they do is  
in strict accordance with those Art of V on  
wh modern E. Frn. is based, that it is not open  
to anybody to question the influence wh they  
exercise. E. L. of I has maintained for  
over 100 years the practice of oral teaching. & it  
has done this by an admirable system wh  
has ensured so far as it is humanly possible  
that there shd be no deviation from the origl  
Cer. wh were accepted by E. L. from the L of  
Recon. in 1816. This preservation in its integrity  
of teaching without books is thoroughly in harmony  
with the antiquity of the Craft. No L is  
compelled to adopt E working but the majority  
of Eng Frn's gladly & gratefully look to E  
for example & guidance.

G. Sec<sup>d</sup> is the Treas<sup>r</sup> of the E. L. of I. & the S.G.M.  
is also a supported so the followers of ? are in  
good company. { Gould's History of Frn. Worcester's a L of Recn.  
Sadler's History of E. L. of I. & Inst. Human & Rankin.